

Best **Implement Biomonitoring** Management **Practices** Control **Sewage Treatment** Measures Lake Monitoring **Stream** Plant upgrades **Monitoring** Watershed Water Quality Plans Monitoring **Water Quality Programs** TMDL **Studies** 305 (b) WQA Stressor Identification Report Stakeholder Assessments **Participation** 303 (d) **Impaired Waters List** 

### **Biological Monitoring**

A tool for detecting environmental impacts that are too subtle to be detected by standard chemical monitoring networks

Why? General Standard => "all state waters shall be free from substances... which are harmful to aquatic life"

- Benthic macroinvertebrate communities reflect overall ecological integrity (chemical, physical, biological)
- Chemical monitoring can miss periodic pollution events and does not assess habitat quality

When impairments are discovered, an in-depth investigation must be completed to identify the source(s) of the impairment (TMDL)

# **Intolerant Organisms**



Mayfly



**Stonefly** 



**Caddisfly** 



**Water Penny** 



**Riffle Beetle** 

## **Moderately Tolerant Organisms**



Crayfish



**Dragonfly** 



**Netspinning Caddisfly** 



**Aquatic Sowbug** 



**Cranefly** 

# **Tolerant Organisms**



**Midge Larvae** 



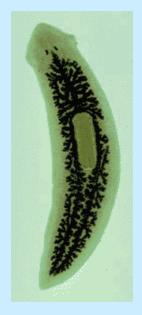
**Segmented Worm** 



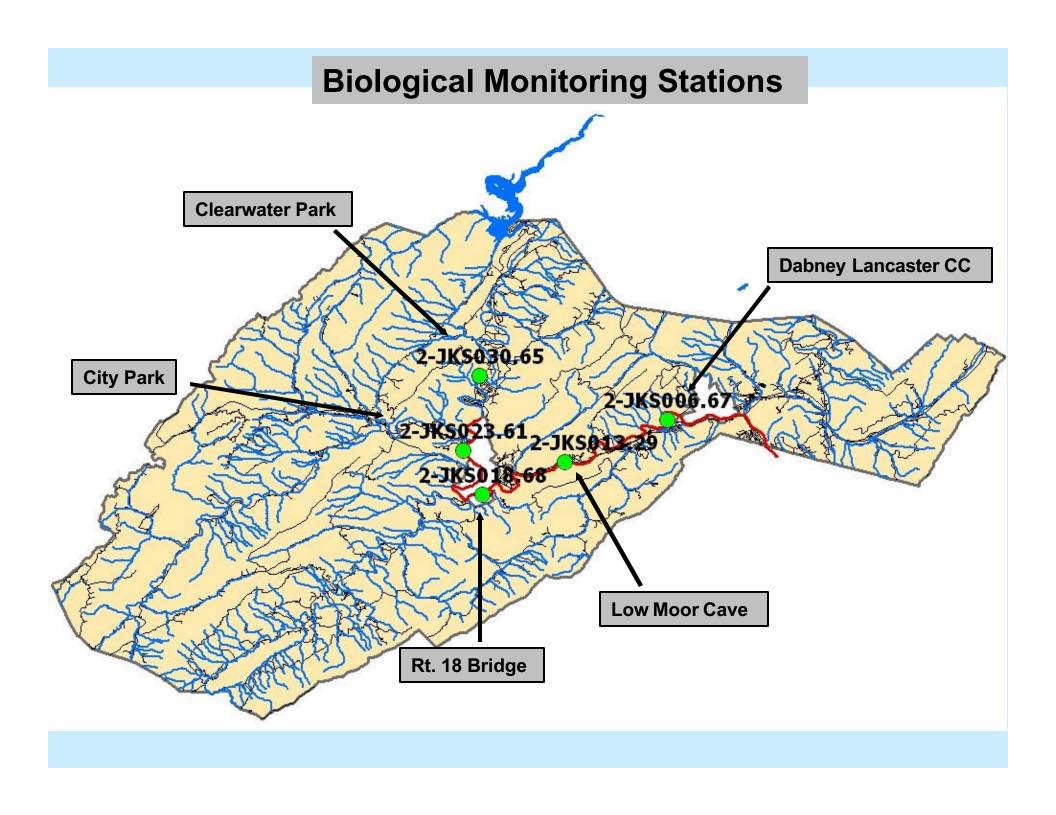
**Pouch Snail** 



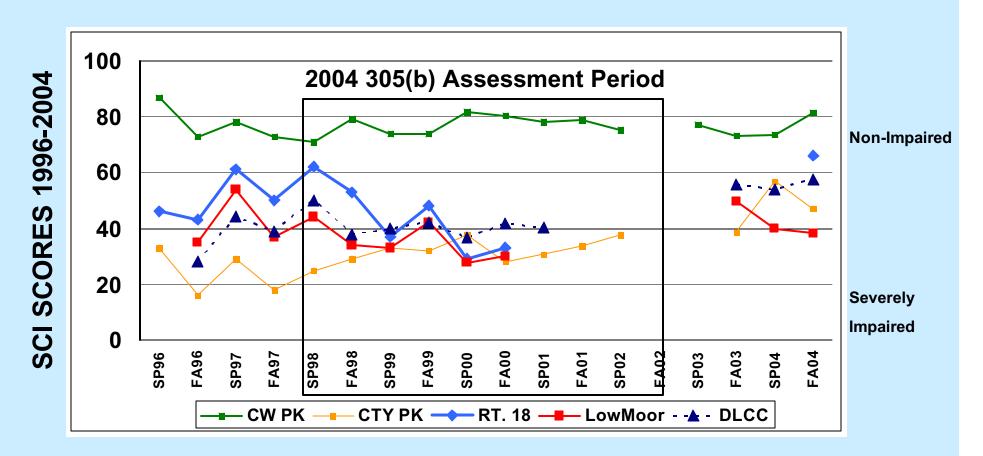
Leech



**Flatworm** 



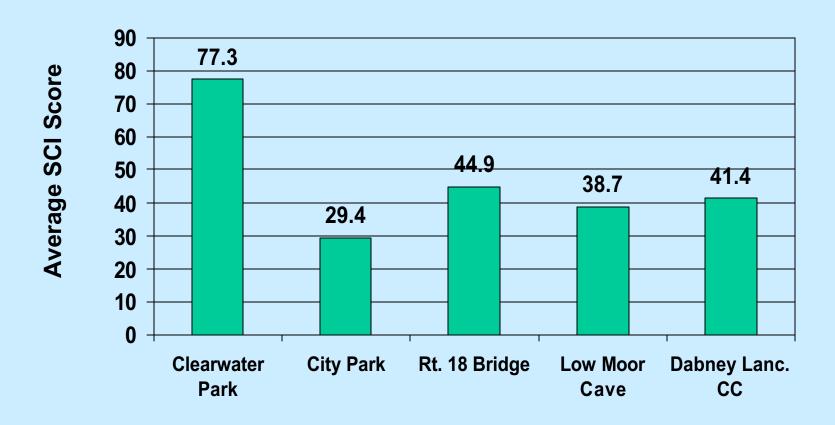
#### Jackson River - Stream Condition Index



#### VA's Stream Condition Index evaluates community:

**Diversity** Pollution Tolerance Feeding Modes

### **Stream Condition Index (1994-2004)**



**Sampling Site** 

### **Chemical/Physical and Habitat Data**

